## The Cory Holly Institute Module One - Human Anatomy

# **Student Self-Test Questions**

# **Student Name**

#### **CSNA Module One Exam**

Student ID #

Choose the correct answer from Module One text and selected SNU Audio Tutorials

The link addresses for each SNU audio file are active for direct online access

Answer the following multiple choice test questions and return by email to chi@coryholly.com

#### 1. What is the CHI Prime Directive?

**Supply Your Micronutrient Demand** 

Supply Your Biochemical Demand

**Supply Your Biological Demand** 

Supply Your Unique Genetic Demand

#### 2. Skeletal muscle fibers contract when:

the cross bridges of myosin (thick filaments) connect with the actin on the thin filaments actin bonds to the inner membrane of a muscle fiber

the cross bridges of myosin (thick filaments) disconnect with the actin on the thin filaments the H bands of elastic filaments react to the production of ATP produced by satellite cells

#### 3. "Chi" is the Chinese word used to describe:

the quantum force produced by an electron the energy that sustains the heat of the sun the natural energy of the universe the constant force of electromagnetism

#### 4. For every pound of muscle you add you burn:

10-20 more calories at rest per day

30-40 more calories at rest per day

40-60 more calories at rest per day

50-90 more calories at rest per day

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### 5. According to Evans and Rosenburg, the single most important determinant of biological age is:

muscle mass, followed by strength, basal metabolic rate (BMR) and percentage of body fat aerobic capacity, bone density and blood pressure

basal metabolic rate (BMR) followed by muscle mass, strength and percentage of body fat percentage of body fat, followed by muscle mass

6. As a muscular pump, the heart drives about how many liters of blood every minute to the lungs and through the vascular tree of the body?
15 liters
7 liters
5 liters
25 liters
7. Which of the following may be the single most important factor in the determination of an individuals overall health and longevity?
blood pressure
heart rate variability
body fat percentage
serum cholesterol
8. What substance is useful for enhancing the production of ATP inside the cell?
Chlorophyll
CoQ10
Ribose
Tyrosine
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9. Blood maintains a constant temperature of about 38°C (100.4°F) and an alkaline pH between:
7.15 and 7.25
7.45 and 7.55
7.25 and 7.35
7.35 and 7.45
10. Eosinophils release what substance(s) to combat the effects of histamine during an allergy episode:
lysozymes
histaminase

corpuscles B cells

#### 11. Osteoclasts are found on the surface of bone and are chiefly involved in:

the destruction of bone matrix the construction of new bone mass the synthesis of vitamin D the release of parathyroid hormone

#### 12. Young children should not lift weights because:

it will stunt their growth
they will lose flexibility
it will encourage the use of steroids
none of the above

# 13. Osteoarthrosis affects joints that are most susceptible to wear and tear, especially the knees and ankles in the legs of people who are:

extremely fit underweight overweight over the age of fifty

#### 14. Which of the following is not a rotator cuff muscle?

supraspinatus infraspinatus teres major subscapularis

#### 15. Hormones are divided into how many separate subgroups:

six four three two

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16. Which of the following hormones is not produced by the adrenal glands?

cortisol aldosterone norepinephrine oxytocin

17. On average, human growth hormone (hGH) production declines by what percent with each passing decade in normal adults after 20 years of age?

25%

18%

10%

14%

18. Bone remodeling is best achieved when the fibers of the bone matrix are:

exposed to the right amount and form of weight-bearing stress rested for long periods of time reinforced with high doses of calcium and silica none of the above

**SNU Audio Tutorial:** Skeletal System: Part I

SNU Volume 2 Number 6 Jun 1, 2003 Download: Part 1



19. Insulin promotes anabolic activity and anti-catabolic sequences by:

stimulating protein synthesis decreasing proteolysis enhancing nitrogen retention all of the above

20. Amenorrheic athletes can have a higher risk of accelerated bone loss or fracture than non-athletes with normal menstrual function even with the advantages of:

a high protein diet weight-bearing exercise routine body composition analysis elite level coaching

**SNU Audio Tutorial: Skeletal System: Part II** 

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